3rd Grade Weekly Lesson Plans

Date	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
8:00-8:30 Good Things/ Cursive Writing Practice	Use coordinating conjunctions appropriately. *cursive writing*	Use coordinating conjunctions appropriately. *cursive writing*	Use coordinating conjunctions appropriately. *cursive writing*	Use coordinating conjunctions appropriately. *cursive writing*	Use coordinating conjunctions appropriately. *cursive writing*
8:30-9:35 Reader's Workshop	Read Aloud: Lon Po Po Standard: -Compare and contrast the themes, settings, and plots of stories written by the same author about the same or similar characters (e.g., in books from a series). (RL.3.9) Student-Friendly Objective: I can compare	Shared Reading: Standard: -Compare and contrast the themes, settings, and plots of stories written by the same author about the same or similar characters (e.g., in books from a series). (RL.3.9) Student-Friendly Objective: I can compare	Shared Reading: Standard: -Compare and contrast the themes, settings, and plots of stories written by the same author about the same or similar characters (e.g., in books from a series). (RL.3.9) Student-Friendly Objective: I can	Read Aloud: Little Red Riding Hood Standard: -Compare and contrast the themes, settings, and plots of stories written by the same author about the same or similar characters (e.g., in books from a series). (RL.3.9) Student-Friendly	Assessment:
	characters. Materials:	characters. Materials:	compare characters. Materials:	Objective: I can compare characters.	
	Mini-Lesson: I Do: Explain to students that skillful readers regularly compare and contrast	Mini-Lesson: I Do Remind students that skillful readers regularly compare	Mini-Lesson: I Do Remind students that skillful readers regularly compare and	Materials: Readers Notebook Mini-Lesson: I Do Remind students that skillful	

stories with similar themes. TTW explain that a story's theme is what the story is about. Explain today students will compare and contrast elements of two short stories that deal with a similar theme.

Guided Practice: We
Do Using two well known
stories. TTW go over
each story and invite
students to contribute
to the basic storyline.
On chart paper TTW
draw a top hat
comparison chart and
show how to compare
and contrast the two
stories. Making sure to
include character,
setting and plot
comparisons.

<u>Independent Practice:</u> You Do

Working in partnerships students will read two

and contrast stories with similar themes.

<u>Guided Practice: We</u> Do

Using two stories about hurricanes.
TSW complete a venn diagram.

<u>Independent Practice:</u> <u>You Do</u>

TSW read the stories
Lon Po Po and Little
Red Riding Hood

Small Group
Instruction:

contrast stories with similar themes.

Guided Practice:

We Do

Using the stories
Lon Po Po and Little
Red Riding Hood.
TSW draw a top hat
comparison chart
and show how to
compare and
contrast the two
stories. Making sure
to include
character, setting
and plot
comparisons.

Independent

Practice: You Do

TTW go to two
different sides of
the room based on
their answer to a
"Would You
Rather" question.
Have both sides
explain their

readers regularly compare and contrast stories with similar themes.

Guided Practice:

<u>We Do</u>

TSW participate in an engagement activity, called four corners. TSW compare and contrast different statements from the stories Lon Po Po and Little Red Riding Hood, by going to "different corners" of the room.

<u>Independent</u> Practice: You Do

Working independently students will read

	stories and complete a comparison chart. **Extension Activity**	reasoning and consider the other side's opinion.	two stories and complete a comparison organizer.	
	comparing/contrasting with a partner.			
	Activity Page		Small Group Instruction:	
		Small Group Instruction:		
	Small Group Instruction:			
9:35-10:15 Intervention				

10:15-11:00 Lunch/Recess

11:05-12:30 Number Talks	Lesson 14 Objective:	Lesson 15 Objective:	Lesson 16 Objective:	Lesson 17 Objective:	<u>Exit Tickets</u> <u>Review</u>
Eureka Math	Identify and use arithmetic	Interpret the unknown in	Reason about and	Identify patterns in	
	patterns to multiply.	multiplication and division	explain arithmetic	multiplication and	
		to make and solve	patterns using units of	division facts using	
	Number Talks:	problems.	0 and 1 as they relate to	the multiplication	
			multiplication and	tables.	
		Number Talks:	division.		

I Do: Concept

Development P.176 (using arithmetic)

We Do: Problem Set: students will solve using the RDW approach.

Student Debrief

10 minutes. TTW invite students to review their solutions for the Problem Set.

Questions to guide
debrief** Invite
students to explain the
strategy used in each
problem.**Encourage
students to explain a
different strategy that could
be used to solve Problem 3.
**Why is it important to
know several strategies for
solving larger
multiplication facts?

You Do: Exit Ticket

I Do: Concept

Development P.187 (using tape diagrams)

We Do: Problem Set: students will solve using the RDW approach.

Student Debrief

10 minutes. TTW invite students to review their solutions for the Problem Set.

Questions to guide
debrief** In your
model for Problem 1, is
the unknown the number
of units or the size of each
unit? **In Problem 3, how
did you show what letter
you used to represent the
unknown and what it
stood for? **How did you
solve the large division
fact in Problem 4? **What
longer equation, including

Number Talks:

I Do: Concept Development P.199

We Do: Problem Set: students will solve using the RDW approach.

Student Debrief

10 minutes. TTW invite students to review their solutions for the Problem Set.

Questions to guide debrief**

**Discuss with a
partner, what patterns
for multiplying and
dividing by 0 and 1
helped you solve
Problem 1? **What
pattern for multiplying
1 does Problem 3
represent? **Which
problems show that we

Number Talks:

Application Problem

Henry's garden has 9 rows of squash plants. Each row has 8 squash plants.
There is also one row with 8 watermelon plants. How many squash and watermelon plants does Henry have in all?

I Do: Concept
Development P.203
(using multiplication chart)

We Do: Problem Set: students will solve using the RDW approach.

Student Debrief

10 minutes. TTW invite students to

parentheses, can be used	can't define a single	review their solutions
to solve Problem 6?	specific value when we	for the Problem Set.
V & 6 0 TO 10 1	divide by 0? Explain	
You Do: Exit Ticket	your answer to a	Questions to guide
	partner. **How are	debrief** Talk
	multiplying by 1 and	to a partner: How do
	multiplying by units of	the patterns you
	1 similar to adding 0 to	discovered in
	a number?	Problem 1 for odd
		and even products
	You Do: Exit Ticket	help you when
		multiplying? **What
		is the name of the
		strategy that you used
		to solve Problem
		1(c)? Explain to a
		partner how this
		strategy could be
		used to solve another
		fact that isn't on the
		chart, like 6 x 18.
		**Look at the arrays
		you drew for Problem
		2. If you drew an
		array for 7 x 7, how
		many little squares
		would you add to the
		array that you drew
		array that you dron

		12:35-1:1 ! Special Cla		for 6 x 6? How do you know? You Do: Exit Ticket	
1:15-1:45 Word Study	Decoding Encoding	Decoding Encoding	Decoding Encoding	Decoding Encoding	Decoding Encoding
	Review/Introduce New Morpheme: List the morpheme you will review or the new morpheme you will teachable Context/Decode/Define: Write the three sentences and bold the words they will decode/define. Words: adaptable, capable, excusable Encode: List the 3 words. Words: likeable, peaceable, debatable	Review/Introduce New Morpheme: List the morpheme you will review or the new morpheme you will teachable Context/Decode/Defin e: Write the three sentences and bold the words they will decode/define. Words: durable, adorable; disposable Encode: List the 3 words. Words: laughable, preferable, fashionable	Review/Introduce New Morpheme: List the morpheme you will review or the new morpheme you will teachness Context/Decode/Def ine: Write the three sentences and bold the words they will decode/define. Words:bitterness, braveness, faithfulness Encode: List the 3 words. Words: fierceness, forgiveness, emptiness	Review/Introduce New Morpheme: List the morpheme you will review or the new morpheme you will teachness Context/Decode/D efine: Write the three sentences and bold the words they will decode/define. Words:stubbornnes s, graciousness, awkwardness, carelessness Encode: List the 3 words. Words: frankness, queasiness, gloominess,	Assessment

1:45-2:20					
Writer's Workshop					

Standards:

W.3.3.b, W.3.5, W.3.10, RL.3.1, RL.3.3, SL.3.1, L.3.1.i; L.3.2.c, L.3.3a; L.3.5

Objective: Students will see how a Fairy Tale is planned. What is essential in writing a Fairy Tale

*Watch the video on youtube about how to write a fairy tale.

Mini Lesson:

Materials:

TTW discuss the tools that need to be in the story as they are mentioned in the video.

*Create an Anchor Chart.

Tool 1: Setting

Tool 2: Characters

Tool 3: Plot

Tool 4: Dialogue

Tool 5: A Warning

Tool 6: Magic

Tool 7: Greed of some Characters

Tool 8: Tricks

Tool 9: Secret

Tool 10: Repetition of

Tool 11: A Mistake

Standards:

W.3.3.b, W.3.5, W.3.10, RL.3.1, RL.3.3, SL.3.1, L.3.1.i; L.3.2.c, L.3.3a; L.3.5

Objective: Students will see how a Fairy Tale is planned. What is essential in writing a Fairy Tale

Materials:

*Graphic organizer
*Anchor Chart (new)
class working
together.

Mini Lesson:

TTW On a new chart plan out a story that the class would like to tell together. Plan out who/what/when/where based on the tools from the video.

Tool 1: Setting

Tool 2: Characters

Tool 3: Plot

Tool 4: Dialogue

Tool 5: A Warning

Tool 6: Magic

Tool 7: Greed of some Characters

Tool 8: Tricks

Tool 9: Secret

Tool 10: Repetition of words

Standards:

W.3.3.b, W.3.5, W.3.10, RL.3.1, RL.3.3, SL.3.1, L.3.1.i; L.3.2.c, L.3.3a; L.3.5

Objective:

Students will see how a Fairy Tale is planned. What is essential in writing a Fairy Tale

Materials:

*Graphic organizer *Anchor Chart (Both)

Lesson:

This lesson will be continued this week with the class working through every step to write a "Fractured Fairy-Tale". After the one created together they will have a graphic organizer that will help them plan and write their stories.

Standards:

W.3.3.b, W.3.5, W.3.10, RL.3.1, RL.3.3, SL.3.1, L.3.1.i; L.3.2.c, L.3.3a; L.3.5

Objective:

Students will see how a Fairy Tale is planned. What is essential in writing a Fairy Tale

Materials:

*Graphic organizer *Anchor Chart (Both)

Continue Lesson

Standards:

W.3.3.b, W.3.5, W.3.10, RL.3.1, RL.3.3, SL.3.1, L.3.1.i; L.3.2.c, L.3.3a; L.3.5

Objective:

Students will see how a Fairy Tale is planned. What is essential in writing a Fairy Tale

Materials:

*Graphic organizer *Anchor Chart (Both)

Continue Lesson

	https://www.youtube.co m/watch?v=7GN_EqM9 Ets	Tool 11: A Mistake			
2:20-2:40 E.4.3.2 Identify problems, alternatives, and trade-offs involved in making a decision E.5.3.1 Examine the relationship between human capital and productivity E.5.3.3 Analyze economic factors in a market E.6.3.4 Identify factors that affect our economy E.7.3.1 Illustrate the relationships among imports, exports, and global interdependence E.7.3.2 Describe	Running Records Handwriting	Science/Social Studies Guiding Questions: What do countries export? Why do countries import goods? What factors influence trade? Help students explore some of the products countries export.	Science Social Studies Guiding Questions: What do countries export? Why do countries import goods? What factors influence trade? TSW read the passage On Valentine's Day, Many of the Flowers come from Columbia	Running Records Handwriting	Science Lab/Experiments /Group Projects

how people in various places and regions are affected by trade						
2:40-3:00 Teacher Monitored Recess						
3:00 Prepare for Dismissal						